THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL

[illegible] & SAUNDERS,
[illegible] and Proprietors.

[illegible] MUST BE

[illegible] OF SUBSCRIPTION

[illegible]

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1873.

# Wilmington Journal.

VOL. 29. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1873. NO. 8.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One Square, one week..... $1 00
One Square, two weeks..... 1 50
One Square, one month..... 2 00
One Square, three months..... 5 00
One Square, six months..... 12 00

Additional Squares at proportional rates.

A Square is equal to TEN SOLID LINES of ad[illegible] setting type.

Cash, invariably in advance.

### COTTON ESTIMATES.

The Augusta Exchange has adopted a novel and interesting plan of getting approximate estimates of the forthcoming cotton crop, and although Wilmington is not enumerated among the places designated, still the estimates of our cotton planters, will doubtless be gladly received, and we have many with the experience and intelligence which will warrant them in competing for the prize with much hope of success.

The following is the proposition:

Be wise in testing the relative skill of competitors in making estimates of the crop of 1872, a pool is formed in this city, open to all. The person coming nearest the number of bales, as determined by the New York *Commercial Chronicle*, September 1, 1873, in its estimate, with his name, to C. W. Lester, Secretary of the Augusta Exchange, Augusta, Ga. The money will be deposited in the National Bank of Augusta, Augusta, at interest.

The pool will close March 15th. No subscriptions allowed after that date. Letters must be marked on or before that date containing subscriptions and estimates will be received and admitted.

On the 15th of March, the envelopes will be opened and a record made of the estimates in the presence of a committee, and will be carefully preserved.

### NEW AGRICULTURAL PAPER.

We are in receipt of the first number of *The State Agricultural Journal*, a handsome eight-page weekly, published in Raleigh, by Captain B. T. Fulghum, Secretary of the North Carolina State Agricultural Society.

The *State Agricultural Journal* is the successor of the *Farmers' and Mechanics' Journal*, of Goldsboro', and the *Reconstructed Farmer*, of Raleigh, combining the best features of both.

Captain Fulghum has been placed in important duties devolving upon the Secretary of the State Society, he the very great assistance in a similar position of the *Farmers' and Mechanics'* Agricultural Society of Goldsboro', in the field for gallant service, and a brief editorial management of the *Farmers' and Mechanics'* evinces the belief that his present newspaper enterprise will prove

[illegible] numbers of the editorial [illegible] will known to the people of Captain James B. Thigpen and Edgecombe farmer, editor of the *Reconstructed* [illegible] and Captain C. B. Denson, [illegible] the leading Male Academy [illegible] well known as an accomplished [illegible]

We desire to support a [illegible] agricultural paper, they [illegible] opportunity.

### A POLITICAL DODGE.

[illegible] a month past, says the [illegible] Radical shoddyites at Washington are [illegible] city about the inauguration on the 4th [illegible] no preparations have been [illegible] the grandest affair of [illegible] in this country, or [illegible] are to be assembled [illegible] Ash of the nation of [illegible] are looked for. [illegible] Ben Brunnells and [illegible] of the great North- [illegible] ceive anticipation, [illegible] not a single discount [illegible] and payment, and that [illegible] the presence of the new [illegible] in the right of [illegible] the people [illegible] [illegible] of the [illegible] [illegible] follow citizens. Such [illegible] black spirits and white [illegible] mingled. But how to [illegible] the wits and baffling many of those who have [illegible] of the affair in hand, [illegible] was out of the question [illegible] and police forbade [illegible] the man and brother, [illegible] was unavailing. Cæsar [illegible] claimed the "civil right" [illegible] hobs with the white [illegible] inauguration ball, and [illegible] to be on hand in full [illegible] In this dilemma [illegible] or castle doomed, [illegible] seems that a [illegible] hit upon which [illegible] to solve the difficulty. Money [illegible] anything in Washington, and it was [illegible] necessary to buy over a few of the leaders of the clowny ton of the negroisis and furnish money to defray the expenses of another inauguration ball exclusively for the colored quality. This plan has been successfully carried out, as will be seen by the following from the Washington correspondent of the Boston *Post*:

"The prominent colored men of Washington are making extensive preparations for a grand ball to take place on the evening of the 6th of March, which they say shall eclipse anything of the kind attempted in the United States. Those in charge of the affair understand that they will not be debarred from attending the inauguration ball, but have concluded that they can enjoy themselves better by having a grand ball especially designed for citizens of their own color, although it is probable that other respectable persons desiring to attend will be permitted to do so.

This arrangement must be perfectly satisfactory to all parties—to those darned Radical exclusives, male and female, who, while they recognize and would enforce negro equality in the public schools and in popular places of resort and amusement, would still exclude them from their aristocratic circles—and to those "respectable" negro-hussies, who will find comfort in the thought that they will be permitted to attend the negro ball if they desire to do so. The whole arrangement is a master stroke of diplomacy—for it secures the desired exclusiveness without arbitrary exclusion on either side.

A Western newspaper gives a thrilling account of a steamer's perilous voyage, descending particularly her dangerous passage over the Falls, with only "one inch of water between her keel and the rocks, and half an inch of atmosphere between her chimneys and the bridge."

### RUFFIANISM IN CONGRESS.

Cannot the House, while engaged in exploring the depths of its own rottenness, endeavor to keep up some show of decency in its proceedings? Or does corruption of morals necessarily breed brutality of manners?

Mr. Farnsworth, in the debate on public buildings, accidently shook his finger at Mr. Platt, who happens to be the owner of a Virginia granite quarry. He accompanied the finger shaking with an allusion to "granite and other rings," whereupon Platt jumped up, called Farnsworth a liar, and said he was ready to be held responsible for his words. Farnsworth responded by calling Platt "a damned little liar" and various other choice epithets. It was thought at one time that the difficulty would be settled on the spot by a rough and tumble fight, with the Speaker for referee and the Sergeant-at-Arms as bottle-holder; but the business was finally adjusted by a joke from the presiding officer.

Much, says the Missouri *Republican*, used to be said about the quarrelsome nature of "slaveholding aristocrats," and it was predicted by New England philanthropists that whenever Southern Representatives and Senators were expelled from the National Legislature, a Chesterfieldian era would begin to continue forever. It is a painful, but not altogether unsuggestive fact, that there have been more rows, squabbles and blackguardism of all kinds displayed in Congress since 1861, than in all previous Congressional history; and that scenes transpire there every day which would not have been tolerated twenty years ago. There is some prospect of reform if the offending parties were promptly punished as they deserve; but when such evils as that indulged in by Farnsworth and Platt is rewarded by a vote from the speaker's chair, and looked upon as a funny thing by the audience, and as if the Congress itself, instead of was a permanent institution. Possibly the people may conclude to send no more hereafter, that gentlemen may make laws as well as legislate, and subsequently keep the latter at home and the former to Washington.

### "FIRING THE SOUTHERN HEART."

The dirty work hashologan scribes, political hyenas, who were entrusted under the auspices of Holden, are at their unhallowed labors. Many have put money in their purses, but the hatred and the strifes of the past, we determined that such rebuke as they should not be buried. Now the Congress has shown a disposition to "let bygones be bygones," and President Grant has opened the doors of the penitentiary to a few of the Ku-Klux, the miserable creatures of the State who have groaned and pined for years in their loathsome cells, these fellow citizens, beg a little sympathy, and cry aloud against the [illegible] to restore peace and harmony and [illegible] country at large.

And unfortunately the [illegible] are not at a loss to find ready [illegible] the North to aid in their diabolical undertaking. The columns of the New York *Times*, once controlled by the lamented Raymond, is the receptacle of any and every slander against the Southern people.

The introduction of the Ku-Klux into the Legislature of this State is the moving cause of the present cure of Senator [illegible] and the reluctant, [illegible] resolutions, of old [illegible] For the past the Raleigh *Era*, the Radical organ, under columns of scare-head headings, has detailed new chapters of imaginary outrages on the negroes which the Senate and Representatives from that county have, from time to time, branded as false. And during the recent debate upon the Amnesty Bill, Mr. Bowman, of Mitchell, one of the Radical negro portion of the auditory to tears by recitals of the sickening details of Stephens murder, as portrayed in a sworn confession by a prominent Democrat of Caswell, which one Hester, a Radical detective, professed to have obtained. Mr. Bowman's pathos and the tears of the negro members were somewhat checked when Mr. McGehee read a letter from the alleged confessor, a gentleman of irreproachable character, stating that the confession was manufactured, that he know nothing of Hester and had never made any statement to him, and had no confession to make to him or to any one else.

We would like to believe and trust Mr. Bowman was sincere in rendering this miserable forgery. But at least he has let his political zeal run away with his judgment. Hester is a scamp and scoundrel, and his appointment as a Federal detective was an outrage upon North Carolina, as his more recent appointment to a Foreign Commissionship is a scandal and disgrace upon the whole country. As a sensible man Mr. Bowman should not have been deceived by such a questionable character, and we are forced to believe that had he desired to serve the cause of truth with half the zeal he has shown to serve the ends of party, he would not have been thus imposed upon.

But denials go for nothing. The infamous character of Hester, the late former, and the spotless character of Mr. Wiley, the accused, does not stand in the way of the scoundrel who intended to carry forward their political ends, although North Carolina's prosperity and good name are sacrificed. Nearly a full column of these lying falsehoods are telegraphed to the New York *Times*, and in the scandalous columns of that paper, life in North Carolina is depicted as beset with attacks from midnight assassins, and the whole land as teeming with murderers.

Giving an extract from Mr. Bowman's speech, depicting Hester's graphic description of the murder of Stephens, under a flaming head of "LIFE IN NORTH CAROLINA," the telegraphic despatch to the New York *Times* tells how the victim was decoyed into a dark room, strung up with a lasso, and finally, as the story goes:

He was told that he must die. He then asked to be allowed to take a last look from the window of the office at his home and any of his family that might be in view. The request was granted, and when Stephens stepped to the window he beheld his little daughter and his two little children playing in front of his house. He was then thrown down on a table, two of the Ku-Klux holding his arms. A noose was ordered to be drawn tighter, and the negro was ordered to get a bucket to catch the blood. This done, one of the crowd severed the jugular vein, the negro caught the blood in the bucket, and Stephens was dead. His body was laid on a pile of wood in the room, and the murderers went up stairs, took part in the meeting, and stamped and applauded Democratic speeches.

And what is all this for? Must the Southern heart be fired again? Must the President's leniency be checked? Must the compassion of Congress be chilled? Must the animosities of the passions be rekindled, and the wounds of the war reopened? And for what end? Possibly to save Radicalism in North Carolina.

### A CONVICT IN LUCK.

**Woman's Devotion—A Convict Postmaster Pardoned and Inherits $50,000.**

Omaha *Bee* has an interesting story of one Jacob Staley, convicted in that city in 1871, and sentenced to the State House of Correction for ten years, for some irregularities while postmaster at Rebecca. Up to the time of his going astray, says the *Bee*, he had always lived an honorable and upright life, and, coming of a good family in Pennsylvania, he seemed almost heart-broken when, upon being incarcerated in the dark prison walls, he thought of his former home, family and friends. Ten long years were before he would again breathe the air of freedom. So he thought, at first, and those future years of imprisonment seemed to him an eternity of misery.

But he had left behind him one noble, devoted and loving friend—a wife who was here at the time of his conviction, and after he was taken to Detroit she remained there determined never to rest until she had secured the pardon of her husband, whom she loved to excess. She procured a sewing machine and rented a room on Farnham street, worked night and day, saving every cent she could to her actual expenses and devoted all to the one object of her life, namely, the pardon of her husband.

Her efforts in this direction were unceasing and her hope of success unabated, and finally, a few days ago, the faithful wife was rewarded by receiving a full pardon for her husband from President Grant, and it arrived in this city over two ago. It had been secured upon the recommendation of many of the other United States officials, also through the influence of Senator Sherman, who had been formerly a resident of Ohio, and who has kindly written to Mrs. Staley in relation to the case. But the bright part of the picture is yet to be drawn. Recently, about two months ago, Mrs. Staley received information that her father had died in Harrisburg, Pa., leaving him an estate of $50,000. This afternoon she started for Detroit, having in possession the pardon of her husband, it having been kindly given her by the authorities. She will be the means of surprising Jacob Staley of his good fortune in obtaining the document, and upon her arrival there she will have the indescribable pleasure of leading her husband from the House of Correction a free man, and then the happy couple will go to Huntington, Pa., and take possession of the deceased father's property.

### AN HISTORIC HOTEL DESTROYED.

**Burning of the Marshall House, Alexandria.**

Marshall House, Alexandria, the scene of the first blood of the late war, where Ellsworth and Jackson fell, on the entrance of the troops into the city, was destroyed by fire last night Monday. The fire originated, and had not been discovered for some time. The fire was the work of an incendiary, as the house is known was wooden. The loss has not yet been ascertained, but the walls are known to be partly burnt, but the walls are still standing. The property was in litigation, and been advertised to be sold soon, under a deed of trust.

The Gazette, in its report of the fire, says:

One of the most ancient buildings in the city, and when the present Marshall House was a famous hostelry, called the Washington Tavern. For the last few years it had been unoccupied, but ever since the events that occurred there at the beginning of the war, it has been the principal object of attention to all the strangers who visited the city.

The ownership of the Marshall House is disputed, and the property was to have been sold next month under a decree of the court in the suit of [illegible] Lippencott vs. Kelly et al. It was insured, and what was burned [illegible] Hotel fixtures. The building adjoining [illegible] was partially burned, [illegible] owned [illegible] Silverstein and James Morrison, [illegible] insured for $2,000 in a company [illegible] which Mr. George Wise is the Alexandria agent. Delany was also [illegible] with Mr. Wise for $1,000, and Mr. Wedderburn with K. Kemper for [illegible] The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary, and a man named Robert Manley was arrested, soon after it commenced, on suspicion.

### Highway Robbery.

Mine gold watch and pocket book was taken." We learn that an itinerant named James Kennedy, hailing from Rochester, N. Y., and footing it from Goldsboro', N. C., was waylaid, beaten and robbed by a villian who must [illegible] out of the woods, it is evident from the sequel, for that special purpose. Kennedy has lodged information with the Marshal of this city, but it seems to us that he had better in default of bringing his grievances at some point [illegible] the scene of the catastrophe [illegible] where assistance would have been [illegible] available. His pocket book was taken from him, he says, and his wardrobe depleted to the extent, that it was contained in a suggestive carpet bag which he carried with him. He was rendered useless by the blows received from his assailant and stripped even of the coat on his back.

Among the missing articles is a pair of spectacles, which have probably enabled the thief to see his way out of danger, by this time.

## STATE NEWS.

The three leading nursery firms of Guilford county, sold last season 200,000 trees for about $10,000.

There is a report current in Raleigh, that ex-Governor Holden is to be appointed Postmaster of that city.

The wife and child of Dr. E. W. Watson, of Raleigh, were severely burned by the accidental igniting gasoline on Thursday.

The election for a member of the Legislature in Edgecombe county, on Wednesday, resulted in the election of Jo. Cobb, Radical. Of course.

Judge Merrimon, Senator elect, has gone to Washington City, to take his seat, a special session of the Senate having been called by the President.

Col. T. S. Kenan, of Wilson, has been elected Secretary and Treasurer of the Wilson and Tar River Railroad, and a survey of the road has been ordered.

J. W. Holden, Esq., of Raleigh, proposes to write a memoir of Union men of both parties, from the inception of the late war down to the present time.

One of the locks conveying a recent wedding party from the depot to the depot turned over, and Mr. John [illegible] ays, of Raleigh, a passenger, escaped without serious injury.

An attempt was made last week to set fire to the residence of Mr. Sinclair Loftin, in Kinston. Some scoundrel placed cotton and lightwood, thoroughly saturated with spirits of turpentine, between the kitchen and smokehouse. It was discovered in time to prevent a conflagration, which would have destroyed a large portion of the town.

During a warm debate in the Senate last night, says the Sentinel, on [illegible] of others, a [illegible] went up in poetry machine which turned out the following instanter:

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

In the heavy and necessarily [illegible] fect sketch of Mr. [illegible] Methodist Advocate, [illegible] yesterday, says of [illegible] following passage [illegible] touched some of the [illegible] that I [illegible] for [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

# Wilmington Journal.

WILMINGTON, N. C.:

FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1873.


### ANOTHER CLUB.

We are under obligations to an esteemed friend at Rockingham, Richmond county, for a club embracing subscribers at Sulphur Springs, Montgomery county.

### TAXES.

This is not a pleasant subject to write about, but taxes are one of the necessary evils of life, more certain to come than anything else except death, and they come oftener to the average person.

What we intend to say is that we are able to lay the full Tax Bill before our readers to-day, and they can rely on it being correct. For several years past, and ever since the war, Tax Bills have been before all of the Legislatures, even those of Raleigh including the Tax Bill, and we are astonished at all of the different amounts of moneys we have annually raised, never behind a cent.

The question of taxing foreign insurance companies, in which our people are deeply interested, is a very vital interest. The law as first adopted by the Legislature was a very just one, and would have had a very beneficial effect upon commerce generally, but it was subsequently changed quite so as to make it very oppressive and unjust to our own people. And it seems a pleasant reflection, in connection with the subject, that the people will be on your side in the approaching election.

What we intended to say is that we are able to lay the full Tax Bill before our readers to-day, and they can rely on it being correct. For several years past, and ever since the war, Tax Bills have been before all of the Legislatures, even those of Raleigh including the Tax Bill, and we are astonished at all of the different amounts of moneys we have annually raised, never behind a cent.

The question of taxing foreign insurance companies, in which our people are deeply interested, is a very vital interest. The law as first adopted by the Legislature was a very just one, and would have had a very beneficial effect upon commerce generally, but it was subsequently changed quite so as to make it very oppressive and unjust to our own people. And it seems a pleasant reflection, in connection with the subject, that the people will be on your side in the approaching election.

---

Condensed from the Raleigh News.

## LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, February 28, 1873.

EVENING SESSION.

The bill to authorize the Western Railroad Company to issue bonds, passed its several readings.

Senate bill to submit the Constitutional amendments to the people, on the first Thursday in August, 1873, was taken up and passed its several readings.

The bill to incorporate the Central Fire Insurance Company of Raleigh, was taken up and passed its several readings.

The bill to be entitled an act authorizing the State Treasurer to pay Messrs. Coleman Brothers $5,000, was rescinded on motion of Mr. Johnston.

The bill to repeal the portion of the law exempting personal and real property from sale, was taken up and passed its several readings.

The bill to provide for the payment of the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation Company, was taken up and passed its several readings.

Mr. Johnston, from the select committee on Constitutional Amendments, reported in favor of submitting the Amendments to the people in August, which report was concurred in, and the bill passed its several readings.

The House concurred in the Senate amendments to the Revenue bill.

The House adjourned.

---

SATURDAY, March 1, 1873.

Resolution claiming the right of holding the Superior Courts in the counties of Richmond and Anson in the Eighth Judicial District, was read and passed.

Senate bill to amend the charter of the Western N. C. Railroad company, was read and passed its several readings.

House adjourned at 11:50 p. m.

---

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, March 3, 1873.

The House was called to order by Mr. Speaker Robinson at 10 o'clock.

Mr. McNeill, a resolution that the Secretary of State be directed to furnish a copy of the act changing the time of holding the Fall terms of the Superior Courts in the counties of Cumberland and Brunswick to the Robesonian, a new paper published in the town of Lumberton, and said act shall be published once a week for three months, and the Auditor is directed to issue his warrant on the Treasurer for the amount of the publication.

Mr. Johnston being in the House introduced the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

*Resolved by the House of Representatives*, That for his impartiality and the manner by which kindly and friendly relations have been promoted between the two branches of the General Assembly and by his strict attention to the duties of his office, and his knowledge of parliamentary usages, by which the public business has been so much facilitated, Mr. Speaker Robinson is entitled to the thanks of the House and of the people of North Carolina.

Mr. Palmer said that in introducing the resolution, he had expressed his own convictions and what he believed to be the unanimous sentiments of the House. In drafting it he had left out of the ordinary "rat" of complimentary resolutions, and had sought only to speak the *exact truth*. To Mr. Speaker Robinson, the House were indebted for the harmonious and cordial feelings that have characterized all our proceedings. Public business has been greatly forwarded by him, and the true interests of the people, and not solely party ends, have been the result of our deliberations. He has been kind and courteous to all parties, but at the same time flexible in executing the rules displayed a thorough knowledge with parliamentary law, and a perfect grasp in applying it, thus facilitated the prosecution of the work and saved to the people of the State and North Carolina a debt of gratitude. Mr. Speaker Robinson responded heartily and feelingly to what Mr. Palmer had said.

Mr. Johnston, in relation to counter resolutions, was read and passed.

Mr. Speaker Robinson made the announcement of the Committee on Enrolled Bills.

The House adjourned until the 4th day of November next.

*Continuation of the House of Representatives.*

In taking leave of you it is not that I should express my appreciation of the kind and flattering manner you have expressed your resolution to me in the resolution which you have passed this morning. It is gratifying, and should be to every one, that the spirit exhibited by the majority of the members of this House in the discharge of their duties, in the face of the most difficult terms of the session, has been crowned with success. I have been proud of the fact that I presided over a body of men who, in the midst of the most exciting debates, have always been courteous to each other, and who have never failed to observe the rules of decorum and propriety. I have been proud of the fact that I presided over a body of men who, in the midst of the most exciting debates, have always been courteous to each other, and who have never failed to observe the rules of decorum and propriety.

---

### SENATE.

Resolution to extend the time of receiving grants, &c., in Cumberland, and its several readings.

House adjourned at 11:50 p. m.

---

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, March 3, 1873.

The House was called to order by Mr. Speaker Robinson at 10 o'clock.

Mr. McNeill, a resolution that the Secretary of State be directed to furnish a copy of the act changing the time of holding the Fall terms of the Superior Courts in the counties of Cumberland

# Wilmington Journal.

WILMINGTON, N. C.:

FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1873.


## PREMIUMS FOR FIELD CROPS 1873.

The Executive Committee of the Sampson County Agricultural Society offer the following Grand and Special Premiums for the year 1873:

### DEPARTMENT A.

CAPT. R. C. HOLMES, Superintendent.

CLASS I. MODEL FARMS.

For the best Model Farm, to consist of not less than — nor more than — acres in cultivation, $25 00

For the second best Model Farm, to consist of not less than — nor more than — acres in cultivation, 15 00

It is intended by the Committee to provide for the purpose, whenever it shall be found necessary, of competitors for the premium, and examine the condition of the contestants with a view to the awarding of premiums, which premiums will be given in addition to the premiums offered for the best crops, &c., as above. The Committee will also, at the proper time, examine the farms of all persons who may offer themselves as competitors for the premium for the best farm, and will report to the Society the result of their examination, and the name of the person who, in their opinion, is entitled to the premium. The Committee will also report the name of the person who, in their opinion, has the next best farm, and is entitled to the premium for the second best farm. The Committee will also report the name of any person who, in their opinion, is entitled to a premium for the best farm, or the second best farm, in any county other than Sampson. The Committee will also report the name of any person who, in their opinion, is entitled to a premium for the best farm, or the second best farm, in any county other than Sampson. The Committee will also report the name of any person who, in their opinion, is entitled to a premium for the best farm, or the second best farm, in any county other than Sampson.

The Executive Committee of the Sampson County Agricultural Society offer the following Grand and Special Premiums for the year 1873:

### DEPARTMENT A.

CAPT. R. C. HOLMES, Superintendent.

CLASS I. MODEL FARMS.

For the best Model Farm, to consist of not less than — nor more than — acres in cultivation, $25 00

For the second best Model Farm, to consist of not less than — nor more than — acres in cultivation, 15 00

It is intended by the Committee to provide for the purpose, whenever it shall be found necessary, of competitors for the premium, and examine the condition of the contestants with a view to the awarding of premiums, which premiums will be given in addition to the premiums offered for the best crops, &c., as above. The Committee will also, at the proper time, examine the farms of all persons who may offer themselves as competitors for the premium for the best farm, and will report to the Society the result of their examination, and the name of the person who, in their opinion, is entitled to the premium. The Committee will also report the name of the person who, in their opinion, has the next best farm, and is entitled to the premium for the second best farm. The Committee will also report the name of any person who, in their opinion, is entitled to a premium for the best farm, or the second best farm, in any county other than Sampson. The Committee will also report the name of any person who, in their opinion, is entitled to a premium for the best farm, or the second best farm, in any county other than Sampson. The Committee will also report the name of any person who, in their opinion, is entitled to a premium for the best farm, or the second best farm, in any county other than Sampson.

## SPECIAL PREMIUMS.

BY THE NAVASSA GUANO COMPANY OF WILMINGTON.

[illegible]

By DeROSSET & CO., Commission Merchants and Sole Agents of the Carolina Fertilizer, Wilmington, N. C.

W. LUCIUS PAISON,

[illegible]

### No Small Pox in Richmond.

The small pox has entirely disappeared from Richmond county. Dr. James M. Covington attended about 70 cases and was himself sick with the varioloid. During the continuance of the disease, which was confined to one locality, he remained faithfully at his post, and did not return to his family until the disease had disappeared. The Doctor, we understand, has rendered a bill to the County Commissioners for $500, which is considered little enough.

## LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

### Carolina Fertilizer.

See advertisement of Messrs. DeRosset & Co., State Agents, entitled "Carolina Fertilizer Triumphant," it being the result of experiments made by Capt. J. R. Thigpen, of Edgecombe, with various fertilizers, as taken from the *State Agricultural Journal*.

### Sale of the W., C & R. R. R.

The *Robesonian* says: On Saturday last, the Sheriff of this county proceeded to sell at public auction, for cash, that part of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad "lying and being" in the county of Robeson, to satisfy an execution in his hands in favor of J. Y. Brice & Co., of Charlotte. Junius Davis, Esq., of Wilmington, became the purchaser as attorney for J. Y. Bean, at $20.

### Served Him Right.

We learn that, a few days since, as one of the passenger trains of the W., C. & R. R. R. was coming down, and within twenty-five miles of this city, a brick-bat was thrown into one of the cars, breaking a window glass and striking near the head of one of the passengers. The conductor, seeing the whole transaction, had the brakes applied, the train stopped, and ran back to the place where the brick was thrown. A boy, who had thrown the missile, was recognized, arrested and placed on the train, where he was furnished transportation free of charge for several miles, and put off, after a sound thrashing, in a swamp, and allowed to depart in peace.

### Judge Onderdonk Robbed.

We regret to learn, as we do from a despatch received here yesterday by Col. S. L. Fremont, that Hon. H. C. Onderdonk, Receiver of the W., C & R. R. R., was beset yesterday, in Baltimore, at the Washington Depot of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, by a gang of pick-pockets, and robbed of $100,000 in notes, checks and coupons, and about $100 in cash. The Judge is waiting in Baltimore to interview the police and to stop the payment of the checks and notes. We sincerely trust that he may succeed in recovering the stolen property.

### TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

#### A Woman Burned to Death.

Sunday night, about 1 o'clock, a colored woman by the name of Rebecca Roberts, residing on Market, between fourth and Eleventh streets, while sitting in a chair before the fire, suddenly ignited her clothing, and before assistance could be rendered was burned so badly that she died almost instantly. At the time of the accident her two sons were sleeping in an adjoining room, but before they could render any assistance, the flames had entirely devoured her clothing. This is the second instance of the kind which has occurred in our city within the past four months. Coroner Howell held an inquest over the body yesterday, and rendered a verdict that the deceased came to her death by accidental burning.

### County Commissioners.

The Board met last evening in regular session.

The following report was submitted, approved and ordered spread on the minutes:

The undersigned Committee, appointed to settle the accounts of the late county officers, have to report that, on the 20th day of February, 1873, the sureties to the bond of the late Sheriff J. W. Schenck, met with your Committee for the purpose of adjusting the accounts of said office.

There was found due the county of

New Hanover.....$11 460 02
Less amount paid [illegible].....

$6,
Commission on $11,5[illegible] per cent. 720 [illegible]

$5,0[illegible]

Which amount, it is agreed, shall be paid by said sureties, on demand of the Board of County Commissioners.

The only account remaining unsettled is that of the late Register of Deeds, to whom a balance is due.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

(Signed) SILAS N. MARTIN,
E. M. SHOEMAKER.

Resignation of Col. E. B. Brink, County Treasurer, was received and accepted, and a vote of thanks was tendered him for his efficient services, whereupon it was ordered that the Board proceed to an election to fill the vacancy.

E. Burgess, Esq., having received a majority of the votes cast, was declared duly elected County Treasurer for the ensuing term.

It was ordered that hereafter all witnesses be subpœnaed to the Auditing Committee, and an order given for the [illegible] County Treasurer, payable to the order of the owner thereof, as [illegible]

An application of Edward Gasse, for license to retail spirituous liquors in South Washington, was received and ordered granted.

E. M. Shoemaker and James A. Lear having resigned their positions as members of the Board, James H. Canaday, Esq., and Delaware Nixon [illegible] the vacancies.

The following [illegible] to the Commissioners were [illegible] and elected by the Board.

The following bonds, of the denomination of $500 each, having attached to them coupons of 8 cents each, said bonds to date March 1st, 1873, were directed to be issued in favor of the following persons, to wit: Nos. 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Adjourned to meet again to-morrow week, also the 5th inst., at 2 P. M.

The Board held an adjourned session Wednesday evening:

James H. Chadbourn and Delaware Nixon, the newly elected members, appeared and were duly qualified.

E. E. Burgess came forward and qualified as County Treasurer by giving bond in the sum of $70,000, with [illegible] sureties, and taking the [illegible] oath.

It was ordered that the Chairman of the Board, in his discretion, be authorized to employ such persons as he may deem necessary to attend to closing up the [illegible] and completing the [illegible] books of the county.

Adjourned to meet again on Monday evening next, at 7 o'clock.

### List of Vessels Sailed for this Port.

CADIZ.

Meteor, McCulloch, cld Oct 17

NEWPORT (Wales).

Delta Peterson, sld Nov 19

BOSTON.

Brig Brig Andalusia, Mallo[illegible], sld Feb 13

Brig Barque Elias Avelina, Munroe, sld Feb 15

NEW YORK.

Steam Mary Price, Newton, sld Jan 17

LIVERPOOL.

Burgermeister, Kersten, Ehrenfeld, sld Jan 16

Rona, Sarsen, sld Jan 18

German Barque Rudolph, Paske, sld Jan 24

Wild Hunter, Erichsen, sld Feb 1

LONDON.

Brig Konigen Augusta, Pritzker, sld Jan 16

German Brig Montag, Stromstadt, sld Feb 5

HAMBURG.

(Br) Brig Essex, Smith, sld Jan 26

German Barque Bertha, Shwartz, sld Jan 26

COXHAVEN.

Essex, Smith, sld Jan 27

GLOUCESTER.

Fish, Anderson, sld Jan 29

CARDENAS.

Brig J M Burrus, Wilson, sld Jan 31

## MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Rebecca Clyde, Childs, Baltimore A D Cazaux.

Schr Ann and Susan, Podger, Baltimore, E Kidder & Son, with guano.

Schr Ray, Dennis, Jacksonville, Edwards & Hall.

Schr S C Eborn, Moore, Jacksonville, Edwards & Hall.

Schr Brave, Foss, Norfolk, George G Barker & Co.

Schr P St Clair Edwards, Steelman, Wilmington, Delaware, Harris & Howell, with guano to Vick & Mebane.

Brig Redwood, Melville, Havana, Worth & Worth.

Schr Carrie, Lewis, Elizabeth City, DeRosset & Co.

Schr Geo B McFarland, McFarland, Boston, J H Chadbourne & Co.

Schr J R Clements, Betts, Hyde county, Binford, Crow & Co.

March 3—Schr Florence, Hill, Middleton, DeRosset & Co.

Steamship Pioneer, Wakeley, Philadelphia, Worth & Worth.

Steamship Lucille, Bennett, Baltimore, A D Cazaux.

Schr Chas F Jackson, ——, Norfolk, Willard Bros.

Brig Waltham, Timm, New York, G G Barker & Co, with railroad iron for W. C & A R R Co.

Schr J W Hinton, Simmons, Elizabeth City, Williams & Murchison.

Schr Sue Cumming, Barrett, Elizabeth City, Williams & Murchison.

Schr L D Cobb, ——, Elizabeth City, Binford, Crow & Co.

Steamship Panita, Doane, New York, Barry Bros.

Schr Ida James, Waller, Elizabeth City, Binford, Crow & Co.

Schr Ida Bella, Foster, New York, Williams & Murchison.

CLEARED.

Spanish Barque Isabel, DeNobas, Rotterdam, Moffitt & Co.

Steamship Rebecca Clyde, Childs, Baltimore, A D Cazaux.

Steamship Rebecca Clyde, Childs, Baltimore, A D Cazaux.

Schr John Wentworth, Lewis, Kingston, Ja, E Kidder & Son.

Schr L Q C Wishart, Mason, Philadelphia, Harriss & Howell.

Steamship Lucille, Bennett, Baltimore, A D Cazaux.

Steamship Pioneer, Wakely, Philadelphia, Worth & Worth.

Schr L A Edwards, Miller, New York, Williams & Murchison.

Schr N A Farwell, Farnham, Boston, G G Barker & Co.

Schr James Bliss, Hatch, Boston, E Kidder & Son.

### EXPORTS
COASTWISE.

Baltimore—Steamship D J Foley, sld Feb 25—616 bbls rosin, 212 casks spirits turpentine, 305 bbls tar, 47 bales cotton, 186 bbls pitch, 519 bushels peanuts, 21,820 feet lumber, 34 pkgs merchandise, 126 hides, 3 rolls leather.

Philadelphia—450 bales cotton, 935 bbls rosin, 22 bales yarn, 200 lighters, 15 tons old iron, 5,500 feet lumber, 7 pkgs mdse, 6 bales rags.

Philadelphia—Schr A F Bailie—187,000 feet lumber.

Baltimore—Steamship Rebecca Clyde—245 bbls rosin, 86 casks spirits turpentine, 42 bales cotton, 175 bbls tar, 270 bushels peanuts, 28 pkgs merchandise.

Philadelphia—Schr L Q C Wishart—76,715 feet lumber, 184,225 shingles, 9,472 jumper bolts.

Baltimore—Steamship Lucille—226 bbls rosin, 99 casks spirits turpentine, 187 bbls tar, 40 bbls pitch, 22 bales cotton, 200 bushels peanuts, 31,436 feet lumber, 21 pkgs merchandise.

New York—Schr L A Edwards—1,000 bbls tar, 49 casks spirits turpentine.

Boston—Schr James Bliss—117,000 feet lumber.

Schr N A Farwell—135,000 feet lumber.

FOREIGN.

Rotterdam—Spanish Barque Isabel—3,156 bbls rosin.

Kingston, Ja—Schr John Wentworth—41,116 feet lumber, 258,750 shingles.

### Total Disasters in February.

The number of vessels belonging to, or bound to or from ports in the United States, reported totally lost and missing during the past month, is 49, of which 21 were wrecked, 13 abandoned, 2 burned, 5 foundered, and 8 are missing. They are classed as follows: 5 steamers, 10 ships, 16 barks, 5 brigs, and 13 schooners, and their total value, exclusive of cargoes, is estimated at $1,350,000.

## EXPORT TABLE.

*Statement of the Principal Articles of Produce Exported from the Port of Wilmington, N. C., for the month ending February 28th, 1873, as compiled from the reports of the Daily Journal, and compared with those for the corresponding months of 1872 and 1871.*

| | Baltimore. | Philadelphia. | Boston. | New York. | Coastwise. | Foreign. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cotton, bales | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | 450 | | | | | | 450 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| Spirits Turpentine, casks | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | 86 | | | | | | 86 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| Rosin, bbls | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | 245 | | | | | | 245 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| Tar, bbls | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | 175 | | | | | | 175 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| Crude Turpentine, bbls | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | 40 | | | | | | 40 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| Peanuts, bushels | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | 519 | | | | | | 519 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| Lumber, feet | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | 21,820 | | | | | | 21,820 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| Hides, No. | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | 126 | | | | | | 126 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| Leather, rolls | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | 3 | | | | | | 3 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| Yarn, bales | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | | 22 | | | | | 22 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| Lighters, No. | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | | 200 | | | | | 200 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| Iron, tons | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | | 15 | | | | | 15 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| Merchandise, pkgs | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | 6 | 7 | | | | | 13 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| Rags, bales | | | | | | | |
| 1873 | | 7 | | | | | 7 |
| 1872 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 1871 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |

## REVIEW
OF THE
## WILMINGTON MARKETS,
FOR THE
WEEK ENDING THURSDAY,
March 1, 1873.

THE WEEK.—There has been no special activity this week in any of the leading branches of trade, but the volume of business has nevertheless been quite respectable. Provisions have been fairly active and prices have further advanced a shade. Spirits Turpentine and Rosins have been unusually quiet, with barely sufficient transactions to establish a market. Flour and Grain have shown no special movement, both exhibiting an upward turn early in the week, but later declining. The market for cotton has been extremely quiet, and prices have exhibited considerable signs of weakness. Groceries continue to be in fair request, with some activity displayed, but no special features worthy of recording have transpired. In the Dry Goods market there has been little, if any, increase in the volume of business since last report. The country merchants are probably contemplating an early visit to the city to make their Spring purchases, and are ordering little or nothing. The local money market has shown no improved condition, money being very tight and very little discounting is done by the banks except for their regular depositors. The special features of the week and the changes of prices for the leading articles are reviewed as follows:

COTTON.—The cotton market has been very quiet and inactive during the week, and the transactions have been extremely light, with prices almost in all instances favoring buyers. The market opened at about the figures current at the close of last week, and ruled so until Tuesday, when there was a heaviness to the tone, and prices declined from an eighth to ¼ cents all round. Since then there has been very little activity displayed, and the market closes dull at our quotations given below. The receipts are very small, and the stock is gradually increasing, and as last taken was 1,062 bales.

The cotton movement for the week as compared with last week shows a decrease in both receipts and exports. The receipts at all the ports for the week were 105,528 bales against 109,173 bales last week, 122,052 bales the previous week, and 126,521 bales three weeks since. The total receipts since September 1st, 1872, are 2,715,815 bales, against 2,244,658 for the corresponding period of the previous year, showing an increase since September 1st, 1872, of 471,557 bales. The exports from all the ports for the week were 60,455 bales, against 80,533 bales the same date last year.—The total exports for the expired portion of the cotton year are 1,693,696 bales, against 1,316,910 bales for same time last year. The stock at all the ports is 543,953 bales, against 507,[illegible] bales for same date last year.—The stocks at the interior towns are 97,921 bales, against 86,388 bales last year. The stock of cotton in Liverpool is 525,000 bales, against 654,000 bales last year. The amount of American cotton afloat for Great Britain is 365,000 bales, against 157,000 bales last year. The amount of Indian cotton afloat for Europe is 87,000 bales, against 123,000 bales last year.

The following comprises the sales for the week:

Friday, 10 bales at 17 cents and 58 do. at 18 cents; Saturday, 1 bale at 17¼ cents, 1 do. at 18 cents, 3 bales at 18½ cents and 4 do. at 19 cents; Monday, 3 bales at 17¼ cents, 3 do. at 17½ cents, 3 do. at 18½ cents and 13 do. at 19½ cents; Tuesday, 3 bales at 17½ cents, and 3 do. at 18 cents; Wednesday, 1 bale at [illegible] cents, 2 bales at 17½ cents and 15 do. at 18½ cents; Thursday, 8 bales at 17½ cents and 7 do. at 19¼ cents.

We quote as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Ordinary | 16 cents. |
| Good Ordinary | 17 " |
| Low Middling | 18 " |
| Strict Low Middling | 18¼ " |
| Middling | 19 " |
| Strict Middling | 19¼ " |

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—This article has been very unsettled during the past week, and has fluctuated as follows: On Friday the market opened at 62 cents, but during the morning became unsettled and declined ½ cent. Later in the day, under more adverse telegraph advices, it further declined ½ cent and closed at 61 cents. Saturday morning there was a slight reaction and the market advanced 1 cent but closed with a decline of ½ cent on the advance gained. Monday morning the market again reacted and the ½ cent lost on the previous evening was regained by a corresponding advance. Tuesday the market was again unsettled and closed with a decline of ½ cent. Wednesday the market was dull and inactive and no sales transpired. To-day, at the close of our review, the market still remains unsettled, and closes dull with a decline of ½ cent at 60 cents. The receipts for the week, 916 casks, are a decrease of 210 casks, but the exports have been quite small and the stock has shown but little movement. The sales for the week were as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Friday | 10 casks at | 62 | cts. ₱ gal. |
| Do | 16 " " | 61½ | " " |
| Do | 110 " " | 61 | " " |
| Saturday | 254 " " | 62 | " " |
| Do | 203 " " | 61½ | " " |
| Monday | 20 " " | 62 | " " |
| Tuesday | 10 " " | 62 | " " |
| Do | 51 " " | 61½ | " " |
| Wednesday—No sales. | | | |
| Thursday | 85 " " | 60 | " " |

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The dullness of Rosins and Spirits Turpentine combined with the very heavy receipts for the past few weeks, has had a tendency to rather throw the market in favor of buyers. During the early part of the week and up to Tuesday, the market ruled very regular and prices remained quiet, steady and unchanged. But on the above mentioned day, the receipts which were upwards of 1500 bbls. were placed on market, and were sold at a decline of 25 cents on all grades. To-day, however, there is some reaction in the tone of the market and it is thought that prices have reached bottom. The receipts for the week 5,223 bbls. against 5,830 bbls. for last week, are a decrease of 607 bbls. The exports are of no importance and the stock in market is about 7,000 bbls. The market closes quiet and steady at $3 for hard, $5 for yellow dip and $5 for virgin, the latter subject to a deduction of one-fifth. The following table comprises the receipts and sales for the week.

| | Bbls. Rec'd. | Hard. | Yellow Dip. | Virgin. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Friday | 172 | $3 25 | 5 25 | 5 25 |
| Saturday | 640 | 3 25 | 5 25 | 5 25 |
| Monday | 635 | 3 25 | 5 25 | 5 25 |
| Tuesday | 1,500 | 3 25 | 5 25 | 5 25 |
| Wednesday | 1,576 | 3 00 | 5 00 | 5 00 |
| Thursday | 560 | 3 00 | 5 00 | 5 00 |

TAR—During the early part of the week the market was quiet and steady, with daily sales at the ruling quotations, but subsequently an active demand sprung up, and within the past two or three days the tone of the market has been firm, and receipts have sold at a small advance. The receipts for the week 1,235 bbls. against 925 bbls. for last week, is an increase of 260 bbls. The exports were upwards of 2,000 bbls., and the stock in market is considerable reduced, and is now about 1,500 bbls. The market closes firm at $3 70 ₱ bbl. The receipts and sales for the week were as the following table will show:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Friday | 252 bbls. at | 2 60 | per bbl. |
| do | *100 " " | 2 70 | " " |
| do | * 50 " " | 2 75 | " " |
| Saturday | 609 " " | 2 70 | " " |
| do | *560 " " | 2 60 | " " |
| do | *125 " " | 2 70 | " " |
| Monday | 171 " " | 2 60 | " " |
| do | *100 " " | 2 75 | " " |
| Tuesday | 33 " " | 2 60 | " " |
| do | *25 " " | 2 75 | " " |
| Wednesday | 141 " " | 2 65 | " " |
| do | *50 " " | 2 75 | " " |
| Thursday | 70 " " | 2 65 | " " |
| do | 70 " " | 2 70 | " " |

* In order.

ROSIN—The rosin market early in the past week was quiet, but within the past few days it has exhibited considerable animation, and the aggregate business of the week has been quite respectable, though the fluctuations have been few and prices rather in favor of buyers. Friday, the first day under review, the market opened very quiet and depressed and the sales were 500 bbls. Strained at a decline of 10 cents on the figures of the previous day's (Thursday's) prices. Saturday Strained was exceedingly inactive, and sellers failed to effect transactions. Monday there was some movement noticeable and 180 bbls. changed hands at unchanged prices, $2 90. Tuesday there was also considerable activity displayed and 1,000 bbls. changed owners at previous day's figures. Wednesday the market continued to maintain its activity and 1,500 bbls. were sold at an advance of 10 cents. To-day (Thursday) at the close of our writing, the market is quiet and inactive, with sales of 500 bbls. at $3 00 @ 3 05, and closes nominal at those figures.—No. 2—There was no special activity displayed in this grade up to Wednesday, when 500 bbls. were sold at $2 75 for market shore Strained. No. 1 has ruled entirely nominal. Pales have again been simple offer, and on Saturday 150 bbls sold at $1 50 and $1 50 for extra virgin. This was the only transaction of the week. The receipts and exports were both very small, and there has been only a small movement in the stock. The following are the sales for the week:

Friday, Feb. 28—Sales of 500 bbls. strained at $2 90.

Saturday, March 1—Sales of 150 bbls. at $4 50 for Pale and $5 50 for extra Pale.

Monday, March 3—Sales of 100 bbls. at $2 90.

Tuesday, March 4—Sales of 1,000 bbls. Strained at $2 90.

Wednesday, March 5—Sales of 1,164 bbls. Strained at 33, and 536 bbls. No. 2 at $3 ₱ bbl.

Thursday, March 6—Sales of 500 bbls. Strained at $3.

GRAIN.—CORN—There has been a fair demand for all qualities of Grain during the week, but, with an overstocked market and with very heavy receipts, there has been a declining tendency characterizing each transaction. The arrivals or cargoes have been numerous, but very few have sold, the bulk coming direct to dealers. There were, however, several sales during the week at prices ranging from 72½ to 77 cents, the market closing at last figures 72½ cents, with a further declining tendency. The receipts for the week 31,837 bushels against 9,655 bushels for last week, or a increase of 22,182 bushels, and from all sources were as follows: From Philadelphia, 4,582 bushels; from Baltimore, 1,500 bushels; from New York, 1,500 bushels; per schr. Carrie Lewis, 1,912 bushels; per schr. Florence, 2,000 bushels; per schr. Chas. E. Jackson, 10,297 bushels; per schr. J. W. Hinton, 3,800 bushels; per schr. Sue Cumming, 1,700 bushels; per schr. L. D. Cobb, 1,400 bushels; per schr. Ida James, 1,310 bushels, and by W. and W. Railroad, 1,526 bushels.—Dealers are selling from store at 85 cents for mixed, and 90 cents for white mealing, ₱ bushel, highest figures including sacks.——OATS.—The market is firm with free transactions from store at 67½ @ 70 cents ₱ bushel, sacks included.——PEAS.—With very heavy receipts the market has also declined a fraction. The demand is good and we quote as selling from store at $1 20 @ $1 30 for cow, $1 30 @ $1 35 for clay, and $1 60@$1 75 for white, ₱ bushel.——RICE.—There is a fair stock in market, but prices are high. Sells from store in bbls. and tierces at 8½ to 9 cents ₱ lb.

PROVISIONS—The market has been strong throughout the week, and a small advance has been established on quotations of last week. Business has been somewhat restricted by the extreme firmness of Western and Northern markets, which has caused a similar feeling among dealers here, and who, as a rule, are only offering at higher figures.

North Carolina bacon has ceased to be an item of importance in the Provision market. The receipts being very light and without sales we quote nominally as follows: 10½@11 cents for shoulders, 13@13½ cents for sides, 13@13½ cents for hog round, 15@16cents We quote *Western Smoked Meats* as follows: 7½@8 cents for shoulders, 9½@10 cents for sides, 17@18 cents for hams. *Dry Salted sells* as follows: 6½@7 cents for shoulders, 8½@9 cents for sides——LARD.—North Carolina lard is scarce and wanted. Sells at 12@12½ cents ₱ lb. Northern steam refined, in buckets and tubs, sells at 10½@11½ cents ₱ lb.

FERTILIZERS—By the arrivals of several cargoes of late, the market is fairly supplied with all kinds mentioned below. The Spring demands have not yet fully opened, but we note a fair business doing at the following rates: Peruvian Guano, (Chincha Island) $75, $77@$80; do. do. Guanape, $70; Carolina Fertilizer, $53 time; $48 cash; $40@$50; Ruth's Challenge Sol. Phosphate, $60@$65; Wando Guano, $70; Patapsco, do., $55; Navassa Guano, $55, cash, and $65, time; Cape Fear Guano, $55, cash, and $45, time; E. F. Coe's Superphosphate of Lime, $60; Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate, $60; Lister Bros. Superphosphate of Lime, $65; Wham's Raw Bone Superphosphate, $52; Lodi Manufacturing Company's Pure Bone, $48; do. do. double refined Poudrette, $60; do. do. No. 1 Phosphate Lime, $60; Berger & Butt's Superphosphate, $50; Wilson's Superphosphate of Lime, $50.

IRON BANDS AND TIES FOR COTTON.—Are in good demand and fair stock. Sells as follows:

Anchor Ties, Buckle Ties, Side Slot Ties, } 8½ cents,
Arrow Ties, 9 cents.

LUMBER.—There is a heavy business doing in the shipping trade both coastwise and to foreign countries. Our city mills are selling at the following rates:

RATES—PER 1,000 FEET.

Ordinary assortment, Cuba cargoes [illegible]
" Hayti cargoes [illegible]
Refuse and wide Boards [illegible]
" " flooring boards, rough [illegible]
Scantling and joist, as per specifications [illegible]
Decks, 5 inch [illegible]

POULTRY—The market is in good supply of all kinds of fowls. Chickens sell at 75 @ 80 cents ₱ pair for grown fowls and 50 @ 60 cents for young. Ducks bring $1 @ $1 25 ₱ pair. Turkeys are coming in very slowly and sell at $1 25 @ $2, as per quality.

SALT.—There is a very light stock, both of American and Liverpool, and the market is consequently high. We quote American as selling at $1 45 and Liverpool at $1 60 per sack.

EGGS—The market is well supplied. Dealers will purchase at 20 @ 22½ cents ₱ dozen by the quantity.

SHINGLES—The trade in this article is confined principally to exporters, who pay for contract orders $6@$8, and $3 25@$5 for common ₱ M.


## WE OFFER

1,000 BBLS. FLOUR—all grades,

250 Boxes D. S. Sides,

30 Hhds. Bacon Sides & Shoulders,

250 Bbls. Mess Pork,

5,000 Bushels Corn,

250 Bales Hay,

250 kegs Nails,

10 ½ [illegible] Iron,

200 Bbls. Distiller's

# Wilmington Journal:

WILMINGTON, N. C.:

FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1873.


Continued from the Raleigh News.

## LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

### SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 26th, 1873.

Mr. Flemming, a bill in relation to the Western North Carolina Railroad. Resolution empowers the Commissioners named, Joseph H. Wilson, Drew E. Manly and Walter L. Steele, to confer with the parties interested in the Western North Carolina Railroad, and if they and the parties to the second agree, then, under the order of Court, the Commissioners named shall *pendente lite* for cash or on credit, reserving the funds to be procured, and take assurances for the same, in relation to the Tennessee line. Referred.

Mr. Honour, a bill in regard to the inspection of cotton in Craven county. Referred.

Mr. Holland, of Guilford, a bill to submit the proposed Constitutional amendments, recently passed by the General Assembly, to the people of the State for their ratification or rejection, with such amendments to be submitted. Passed third reading on Thursday in August, 1875, and upon the same to be certified to the Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer and Auditor, on the first Monday in December, 1875.

Mr. Humphrey moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Constitutional Reform, with instruction to report the bill in such a manner as to embody the amendments submitted, and to report to the people.

Without any action being taken, on motion the matter was passed over informally.

The bill was adopted as it came from the House until section 25, Class 3, was reached, which section refers to taxes to be imposed upon foreign and home life insurance companies. After a slight discussion, the Senate, by a vote of 16 to 15 refused to be imposed by the Legislature of such companies two per cent. on the gross receipts derived from premiums charged for insurance effected in the State, except such as may be necessary to impose a similar tax on companies, and allow the Legislature further consideration of the subject. The Senate adjourned.

### EVENING SESSION.

WEDNESDAY, February 26.

The Senate called to order at 7:30 o'clock, and Governor Breeden in the chair.

Bill for the relief of the Wilmington Railroad Company, authorizing the Wilmington Railroad Company to pay $1,000 23 of taxes paid by the Company under protest—the Supreme Court having decided that the Company in a similar case had failed to pass by a vote of 27 to 5 ayes.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 26, 1873.

Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, introduced a bill to prohibit the sale of certain localities in various counties taken up.

Mr. Goodwyn, Chatham, to the sale of liquor in the counties of the Roanoke Valley Agricultural Society Carver, Halifax county, upon the bill.

Mr. Hall, a resolution of instruction to the bill passed the Senate, relative to the bill passed by the Legislature, and Mr. Guyther, his motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill to amend the constitution in regard to the number of members of General Assembly and to pass its first reading three days ago, was taken up.

The motion to reconsider was put to the House and received by 76 yeas and 27 nays.

A point of order was raised that it required the same vote to reconsider a bill to pass the bill, viz: two-thirds representation of the House. The Chair said that the matter was not before the House, but was taken under advisement and would be considered on the point of order at a future time.

The bill for Amnesty and Pardon was then taken up as unfinished business.

The House occupied the floor. Much interest in the matter. The blood flowed in the veins of those who would be helped by the action of the House in the matter. He did not regard this as the bill had been invited to consider the measure, and would say upon the bill before the House, that if he had thought those of no account after the bill had been passed in the Senate he had kept silence and communed with himself as to what his action should be. He had decided to the bill as it report, now before the House, as to E. A. Wiley, of Guilford county, having confessed to complicity in the Stephens murders. At the time the gentleman alluded (Mr. Bowman) was on the floor depicting, with great vividness and circumstantiality, the scene and the murder of this unfortunate man, he (Mr. McGehee,) had in his pocket that the report was in every particular, &c.

Mr. McGehee then passed on to the merits of the bill. He alluded to the times considered by the war and the reconstructed and demoralized conditions which the country was plunged after the termination. He alluded to the many violations of the chastity of females, the cold blooded murders of C. C. Nelson, and others, the burning of barns, dwelling houses, &c. Was it strange that the people should have associated themselves to protect the honor of their wives and guard their property from the depredations? Such, he said, was the case in the Stephens county, and he referred to the remarks of Judge Tourgee, as reported in the Sentinel, in which that officer had declared that the acts committed by Judge Jeffries.

He then recited numerous instances in Europe, and said that the crime sought to be amnestied by this act was as the unit to the millions committed to the crimes covered by the limited act of amnesty of Charles II, of England. He appealed to the members of the House to pass this bill, to bring peace and quiet to hundreds of families, and forever bury the feuds and wrongs of the past. He appealed to the Democratic party to act up to the full measure of this act of grace and pardon to those unintentionally or literally involved, and many who were hurried into acts of the law while smarting under real or fancied wrongs and denials of justice.

Mr. Taylor replied. He would favor a general amnesty whenever it could come, in his opinion, consistent with good order and public safety. He did not think that that time had yet come. He continued at length urging objections to the bill.

The amendment offered by Mr. Benbow, to except wilful murder, burglary and arson from the provisions of the bill, was next put to a vote and adopted by a vote of 48 yeas, 14 nays.

The question of all sorts of amendments was then called and rejected, when the bill was passed its second reading by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, of Clay, Ballard, Bennett, Blackwell, Brown, of Mecklenburg, Bryson, of Jackson, Bryson, of Swain, Bryan, of Sampson, Bullard, Byrd, Carter, Dicky, Freeman, Gant, Gidney, Gilmer, Grady, Gudger, Hanner, Haynes, Hinnant, Houston, Johnston, Jones, of Caldwell, Jones, of Tyrrell, Joyner, Johns, Lindsay, Luckey, Maxwell, McGehee, McNeill, Mitchell, Moring, Morrison, Norment, Outlaw, Presson, Reid, of Mecklenburg, Richardson, Settle, Shaw, Shinn of Iredell, Shinn of Cabarrus, Shackleford, Stanford, Stowe, Todd, Turner, Warlick, Waddill, Watson, Waugh, Webb, Wiley, Whitmire, and Woodhouse—57.

NAYS—Messrs. Abbott, Badger, Bean, Blythe, Bowe, Bowman, Brown, of Davidson, Bryant, of Pitt, Bryant, of Halifax, Bryant, of Wilkes, Brooks, Carson, Copeland, Corson, Davis, Dudley, Dula, Ellison, Fletcher, Foster, Goodwyn, Gray, Guyther, Hampton, Heaton, Hughes, Jones, of Camden, Jones, of Northampton, Jordan, King, Lloyd, Lutterloh, Marler, McLaurin, Miller, Michael, Mazzell, Patrick, Paschall, Perry, of Bladen, Perry, of Wake, Reid, of Randolph, Rhodes, Sharp, Sneed, Winslow, Williamson, Wheeler and Whisnant—49.

### SENATE.

THURSDAY, Feb. 27.

Mr. Hill introduced a bill providing a central place in Brunswick county for comparing elections. Placed on calendar.

Bill concerning the conveyance of convicts, lunatics and persons to the Deaf and Dumb Asylum—provides that the sheriff or others conveying such persons shall be allowed 20 cents per mile for one person, and 10 cents for two are conveyed. Bill came up and passed its several reading.

Bill for recruiting units in *fayard artillery*, was amended and passed its several readings.

Bill repealing charter 135, laws of 1871-72, relating to Clerks of Superior Courts, was adopted.

Bill incorporating the North and South Air Line Railroad Company Tabled.

Bill to establish a hospital for the insane in North Carolina, appointing Dr. Eugene Grissom, Major A. Engelhard, and others, a Committee to purchase a suitable site, to contract for a building, &c.

Mr. Cowles opposed taking this bill up at present, owing to the already heavy taxes imposed upon the people.

Mr. Ellis, of Columbus, favored it.

Mr. Murphy warmly advocated the measure, believing that the State could take some steps in this direction. The great need for more accommodations for the class of unfortunates ought to be benefitted was most apparent to the members of the Board of Public Charities, and something should be done for the relief of the class who would not be accommodated by the present Asylum.

Mr. Love thought the State was too poor to take this step now.

Bill passed its second reading by a vote of 20 to 18.

Failed to pass its third reading by a vote of 16 ayes to 23 nays.

The "omnibus prohibition bill," as amended by the House, came up for consideration. After a considerable debate some of the amendments that had been added by the House being objectionable to the Senator. The difficulty was finally adjusted by the appointment of a Committee of Conference of the two Houses.

Bill to authorize the construction of a railroad from Goldsboro to the Western North Carolina Railroad Company to issue bonds to the amount of $1,000,000.

Mr. Grove explained the bill, and after a few remarks and inquiries it was ordered to its second reading.

Bill to authorize the Commissioners of the county of Anson to levy a special tax passed its third reading, and so did the counties of Brunswick, Alamance and Wayne to do the same, passed their second reading.

Bill amending the charter of the city of Wilmington in relation to the fire department of that city was considered. Mr. Norwood offered a substitute for the same—proposing that the Legislature should appoint a fire department of seven persons, whose duty it shall be to regulate the fire department.

Madson, col., presented a petition from the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, protesting against Mr. Norwood's substitute, and he thought that should be argument enough to defeat it.

Mr. Seymour opposed the adoption of the substitute.

The substitute was adopted by a vote of 22 to 16.

Madson spoke in strong terms against the passage of the bill as amended, as being in opposition to the will of the citizens of Wilmington.

Mr. Seymour opposed an amendment to the effect that the proposed Commission should be elected by the people of Wilmington.

Harris, col., thought the bill unjust and oppressive.

Mr. Norwood thought the bill had no political bearing, and only meant to place the fire department under a good and strict discipline.

Mr. Dunham said the Legislature, under the Constitution, had the right to govern the incorporated cities and towns of the State.

Mr. Humphrey thought the bill was unconstitutional.

Mr. Seymour wanted the members to draw a political issue upon this measure if they thought fit.

Mr. Seymour's amendment failed to pass.

The bill failed to pass its third reading by ayes 16 to 25 nays.

Bill authorizing Commissioners of Fayetteville to appoint a receiver of railroad taxes passed its several readings.

Bill incorporating the Central Insurance Company of North Carolina passed its several readings.

Bill incorporating the Weldon and Garysville Road and Ferry Company passed its several readings.

Bill incorporating the Cumberland Savings Bank passed its several readings.

Bill incorporating the town of Fair Bluff, in the county of Columbus passed.

Bill incorporating the town of Castalia, in Nash county passed.

Bill to authorize the establishing of a central place in the town of Brunswick to compare returns of elections passed.

Adjourned.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, February 27, 1873.

On motion of Mr. Stanford, the bill prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors in certain localities was taken up, amended and passed its several readings.

On motion of Mr. Jones, of Orange, the bill to protect farmer and planters in relation to commercial fertilizers, was taken up, and after quite a lengthy debate was, on motion of Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, postponed until to-morrow at 9 o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Settle, the resolution recently adopted impeaching R. M. Henry, Solicitor of the 12th district, was taken up. Mr. Settle being absent when the resolution was adopted. He was surprised that the Legislature should shoot at small game when there were others much higher in office, as liable to the charge of drunkenness as Mr. Henry. The Legislature had resolved to adjourn on Monday and could possibly try that officer by that time, and it was nothing more than in fact to Solicitor Henry that any action should be taken in the case. Besides the question of "drunkenness" would be considered. He thought he House had better retrace its steps in this matter, etc.

After some debate, the resolution was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Carter, the bill appropriating a State lot in the southeast part of Raleigh and $5,000 to the colored department of the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylum, was taken up and put to its third reading.

On motion of Mr. Lindsey, the bill to provide for additional accommodations for the insane, was taken up and passed its second reading.

The bill to incorporate the Ladies' Cooperative Association of Wilmington, passed its several readings.

The bill to incorporate the Old North State Insurance Company, passed its several readings.

The bill to repeal the act incorporating Cape Fear Building Association, was taken up.

Mr. Richardson moved to lay on the table. Carried.

The bill in relation to the sale of fertilizers, was taken up and, on motion, laid on the table.

The bill for amnesty and pardon was then taken up.

Mr. Horton took the floor in opposition to the measure.

Mr. McNeill offered an amendment exempting from the provisions of the bill persons who have compromised money expended to railroads, and also including one Stephen Lowry.

The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Hester, of Mecklenburg, offered a proviso, that all persons who were not previously present at, and actually participated in, the crimes of wilful murder, arson and burglary, or who were present and did not assent to, or order for the same, be entitled to the benefit of this act.

The proviso was adopted by a vote of 49 to 46.

Cross offered an amendment that the provisions of the bill shall not apply to rape and robbery, which was lost.

The bill then passed its third reading—yeas 61, nays 48.

Adjourned.

### SENATE.

FRIDAY, February 28, 1873.

Norwood gave notice that he would introduce a resolution to the effect that the two Houses go into executive session to-morrow at 12 o'clock, in order to consider the message from the Governor transmitting nominations for the offices of Superintendent of State Institutions, under the recent decision of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Troy, Senator from the Second District, tendered his resignation, in consequence of being an officer of the United States. In address he said that gentleman should be taken in the course of business, and he expressed his appreciation of the courtesy with his which he had been treated.

Mr. Troy introduced a resolution to repeal an act exchanging the stock held by the State for bonds by which the old stock was purchased.

Mr. Morehead, of Guilford, called up the bill appointing a time for submitting to the proposed constitutional amendments to the people, the same to be submitted to the vote of the people of the State on the first Thursday in August, 1873, passed its several readings.

Mr. Humphrey introduced a resolution concerning the exhibitions of maps and descriptions of the State at the World's Fair at Vienna. Laid over under the rule.

The amnesty bill was transmitted from the House with amendments.

Mr. Seymour offered an amendment providing that the provisions of the same shall not refer to any member of the Union League, Red Strings or Heroes of America.

Referred to Judiciary Committee to report at once upon an amendment made by the House.

The "omnibus" liquor prohibition bill was reported from the Committee of Conference of the two Houses, embracing various amendments. Concurred in.

Mr. Allen reported from the Judiciary Committee the Amnesty bill.

Mr. Seymour's amendments to exclude certain parties was lost—17 yeas, 25 nays.

The House amendments were concurred in.

Bill concerning the working of the penitentiary convicts upon the Western Division of the W. N. C. R. R. Passed.

A bill amending the School Act. Passed.

Mr. Murphy, a resolution appointing Dr. Wm. R. Sharp and Captain C. B. Denson members of the Board of Public Charities. Adopted.

The Revenue Bill was put upon its third reading, and after being amended so that the Register of Deed be entitled to fifteen cents for each return made by any merchant—to be paid by the county—with some other amendment of a minor character, it was passed.

Bill concerning the establishment of an institution in Raleigh for the colored Deaf, Dumb and Blind passed its several readings. It authorizes the appropriation of $5,000 for the erection of a suitable building for the purpose on a portion of the public grounds in Raleigh. Bill passed its third reading by 29 ayes, 9 nays.

During the debate upon this bill, Messrs. Murphy and Scott made warm and earnest appeals in favor of the unfortunates who it was sought to benefit.

Resolution providing for a deficit in the Treasury. Authorizes the Treasurer to borrow a sum not to exceed $140,000. Passed its several readings.

Bill for the relief of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum—appropriating $15,000 to the same. Passed its several readings.

Adjourned.

### EVENING SESSION.

The Lieutenant-Governor called the Senate to order at 7½ o'clock.

Mr. Waring, Chairman of the Committee appointed to negotiate with the Messrs. Coleman Brothers in regard to their relinquishing the Penitentiary contract, submitted an elaborate report, stating that the Messrs. Coleman would surrender the contract upon the payment of $35,000. Report accepted by a vote of 28 to 8.

Mr. Waring introduced a bill authorizing the State Treasurer to pay the Messrs. Coleman Brothers for rescinding the penitentiary contract $35,000, according to the report of the Committee.

Mr. W. supported his bill in an earnest manner, stating that the State could save thereby more than $200,000—the work could be done by the convicts at a nominal cost.

Mr. Welch opposed the measure, as he thought the contract itself was a fraud, and should not be recognized.

Mr. Gudger could not favor the bill, as the State Treasury could not stand such a tax upon it.

Mr. Morehead, of Guilford, thought this the easiest way of getting out of the dilemma. The Legislature had recognized the contract as good, and it was too late now to declare otherwise. He thought $35,000 a cheap release to the State.

Mr. Ellis, of Columbus, endorsed the views held by Messrs. Waring and Morehead. This release would be a happy one to the State.

Mr. Norwood said there was a time when the State could have gotten rid of this contract—but it could not be done now. We were now bound by the contract, and he thought this is a good release.

Mr. Troy would vote for this bill with pleasure. The contract would give a profit to the contractors of more than a quarter million of dollars. If Messrs. Coleman Brothers have a legal right to carry out the contract and to hold the State responsible, and he thought the State would be fortunate to be released at the figures named.

Mr. Welch again argued that he did not believe the State was legally bound to the Messrs. Coleman Brothers.

Mr. Merrimon thought the contract was valid, and could not be undone except in the manner proposed.

Mr. Worth said the State was firmly bound, and it was only a question as to whether we would repudiate or refuse to negotiate or to carry on the contract would be one branch of repudiation.

The bill passed its second reading by a vote of 31 yeas to 7 nays.

The bill then passed its third reading by a vote of 33 yeas to 6 nays.

Messrs. Cowles, Ellis, of Catawba, Gudger, Horton, Powell, Seymour and Welch voting in the negative.

Bill incorporating the Cincinnati & Great Southern Railway was then considered.

Mr. Flemming moved to amend by prefixing his bill providing five commissioners to confer with Messrs. Woodfin and Mack Erwin in relation to the sale and completion of the Western North Carolina Railroad.

Mr. Hunnycutt moved to strike out the names in the bill and insert Messrs. Wm. A. Allen, J. M. Worth, A. S. Seymour, S. L. Robinson and T. A. Nicholson in place of those named by Mr. Flemming.

Mr. Flemming's amendment was adopted, together with the amendment of Mr. Humphrey.

Bill passed its second reading.

Bill passed its third reading by a vote of 26 ayes to 9 nays.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, February 28.

The bill to continue in force and to levy a special tax in Cumberland county passed its third reading, yeas 48, nays 0.

The bill to amend the act concerning inspectors in the city of Wilmington was taken up and passed its several readings.

The resolution in favor of Judge Jas. L. Henry, paying him $350 for holding certain Courts, was taken up.

On motion of Mr. Bennett the further consideration of the matter was postponed until the next session of the Legislature. Adjourned.


### SPECIAL.

**Schenck's Pulmonic Candy** unbosoms in a great degree all the pulmonic ailments, and is especially efficacious in Spitting of Blood, Pleurisy, Pain in the Side, Difficult Breathing, and other complaints, its mode of operation being to produce an easy cough, by which the phlegm is loosened, the irritation allayed, and the patient finds himself relieved almost immediately after taking it. Those who are troubled with a cough, and who will not resort to the proper remedy, are laboring under a fatal delusion, for they will find that "delays are dangerous." The experience of thousands who have used Schenck's Pulmonic Candy proves it to be the best remedy ever discovered for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all Pulmonic Complaints, and is pleasant to the taste. Price 25 cents per box.

The wonderful effects of this medicine are truly astonishing. Sold by druggists everywhere.

J. H. SCHENCK & SON,
N. E. corner 6th and Arch sts., Phila.
feb 28 4t 18

### ON MARRIAGE.

**Happy Relief for Young Men** from the effects of errors and abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. Nervous debility, premature decay, Impotency and Consumption. Pamphlets free. Address, in confidence, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa., an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. dec 8 $Tu&Fw3month

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE

This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly Harmless, Reliable and Instantaneous. No disappointment. No ridiculous Tints. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces IMMEDIATELY a splendid Black or Natural Brown. Does not stain the Skin, but leaves the Hair soft, moist and Beautiful. This only safe and Perfect Dye—sold by all Druggists. Factory No. 81 Broadway, New York. apr 26 '72 1y

**CAUTION!** LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Buyers are cautioned to avoid the numerous counterfeits and imitations of the name of this popular Condiment. LEA & PERRINS' New York Agents for the United States. oct 29 '72 dw

JAMES W. LIPPITT,
WITH
JOHN L. WOOSTER,
DEALER IN
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, MEDICINES
Fancy Toilet Articles, &c., &c.
*WHOLESALE AND RETAIL*
Corner Front and Market Streets,
(McLain's Old Stand)
WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.
may 17, 1872. 1y dly

### LOTTERY.

**$300,000**

**Missouri State Lottery.**

Legalized by State Authority and Drawn in Public in St. Louis.

**Grand Single Number Scheme.**
50,000 NUMBERS
Class C, to be Drawn March 31, 1873.

5,880 Prizes, Amounting to $300,000.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 prize of | $50,000 | 500 prizes of | $ 10 |
| 1 prize of | 10,000 | 5 prizes of | 500 |
| 1 prize of | 5,000 | 8 prizes of | 500 |
| 1 prizes of | 2,500 | 9 prizes of | 250 |
| 2 prizes of | 2,000 | 35 prizes of | 200 |
| 20 prizes of | 1,000 | 80 prizes of | 100 |
| 20 prizes of | 500 | 100 prizes of | 50 |
| 40 prizes of | 250 | 5,000 prizes of | 10 |

Tickets, $10. Half Tickets, $5. Quarters, $2 50.

Our lotteries are chartered by the State, are always drawn at the time named, and all drawings are under the supervision of sworn Commissioners.

The official drawing will be published in the St. Louis papers, and a copy of drawing sent to purchasers of tickets.

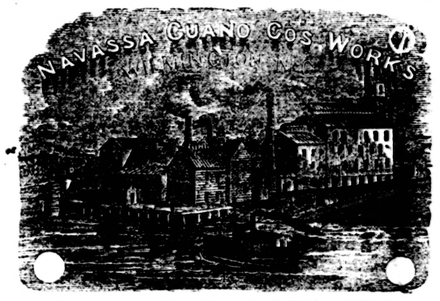
We will draw a similar scheme the last day of every month during the year 1873.

Remit at our risk by POST OFFICE MONEY ORDERS, REGISTERED LETTER, DRAFT or EXPRESS. Send for circular. Address

MURRAY, MILLER & CO.,
Post Office Box 2666. St. Louis, Mo
april 10 109-d&w-eod-Tues.ThursSat.



## NAVASSA GUANO COMPANY,
## OF WILMINGTON, N. C.




MANUFACTURERS OF THE FOLLOWING WELL-KNOWN

## POPULAR STANDARD FERTILIZERS!

**Price per Ton Delivered on the Cars at Factory.**

| | CASH. | PAYABLE 1ST NOVEMBER. |
|---|---|---|
| "SOLUBLE NAVASSA GUANO," For Corn, Cotton and all Field Crops. | $55 00 | $65 00 |
| "NAVASSA TOBACCO FERTILIZER," Very rich in Ammonia and Alkaline Salts. | $65 00 | $75 00 |
| "DISSOLVED NAVASSA PHOSPHATE," Especially for composting with Cotton Seed. | $30 00 | $35 00 |

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT MADE TO DEALERS.

Agencies established at all the principal towns and cities of the Southern States.

Hon. E. R. BRIDGERS, President. C. C. C. L. GRAFFAM, Superintendent. DONALD MACRAE, Secretary and Treasurer.

Jan 11

## 1873. 1873.

TO FACTORS AND PLANTERS!

## STANDARD FERTILIZERS!!

Quick Returns, and Permanent Improvement to the Soil.

**PHŒNIX GUANO,** price per ton 2,000 lbs. $57 50

WILCOX, GIBBS & CO'S

**MANIPULATED GUANO,** price per ton 2,000 lbs. $70 00

WILCOX, GIBBS & CO'S

**GUANO COMPOUND,** price per ton 2,000 lbs. $65 00

We are now offering the above well established brands of Fertilizers for Purchase at above prices, on time, payable November 1st, 1873, without interest, with the privilege of discount, by cash or approved paper at three months, or accepted time drafts on or before that date, with interest added from maturity, at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum.

These popular Fertilizers have been used by the planters of North Carolina and South Carolina for several years, and we feel satisfied that each year adding to their reputation as THE BEST OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.

## Phœnix Guano and Cotton Seed Compost

We would especially call the attention of Planters to this valuable preparation. It was used last season to a large number of Plants, and the results show an increased net profit of $40 to the ton over the natural soil.

Planters receiving orders from their country friends for Fertilizers will please call on us before making their purchases. The standard of the above named compounds are guaranteed to be equal to any in the market.

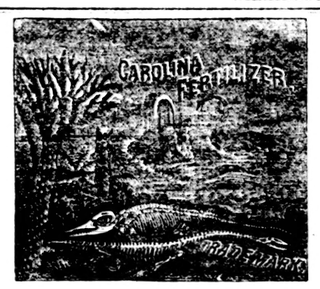
*Liberal discount will be made on all cash orders.*

For reports from Planters, and circulars containing testimonials of Planters, call on

## JAS. T. PETTEWAY,
General Agent,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

jan 10-9.






## PRICES IN WILMINGTON:

$48 00 PER 2,000 LBS., CASH; $53 00 PER 2,000 LBS., PAYABL NOVEMBER 1st, 1873, FREE OF INTEREST.

We challenge comparison with other FERTILIZERS, as to result of application to crops. Quality and prices considered, make it the

**CHEAPEST MANURE IN MARKET.**

**Demand More Than Doubled Each Succeeding Season.**

LOCAL AGENTS THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

DeROSSET & CO., Wilmington,
Agents for North Carolina.

## FERTILIZERS! FERTILIZERS!!

500 Tons Star Ammoniated Soluble Phosphate.

500 Tons Whann's Raw Bone Superphosphate.

100 Tons Bahama Soluble Guano.

Prices $52 50 Cash by 1st April--$60 Payable 1st November, 1873, Without Interest.

Live Local Agents Wanted for Places where we Have None.

VICK & MEBANE.

feb 7 3-w2m

**Pork, Kerosene Oil and Whiskey.**

200 Bbls. Pork.
25 Bbls. Kerosene Oil.
100 Bbls. Whiskey.
For sale by
F. W. KERCHNER.
march 2 3—

**Corn, Hay and Oats.**

8,000 Bushels Corn.
700 Bales Hay.
2,000 Bushels Seed Oats.
For sale by
F. W. KERCHNER.
march 2 3—

**OWEN FENNELL, JR.,**
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT
NORTH WATER STREET,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Prompt personal attention given to the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, and Country Produce generally. feb 9-d&wlmth

**Molasses! Molasses!**

100 Hhds. Cuba Muscavado Molasses.
100 Hhds. S. H. Molasses.
350 Bbls. Cuba Molasses.
250 Bbls. Golden Fleece Syrup.
For sale by
F. W. KERCHNER.
march 2 3—


**Consolidated Statement of the Condition of**

**THE BANK OF NEW HANOVER,**

**At Wilmington, Goldsboro and Tarboro, on February 1st, 1873.**

RESOURCES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Loans and Discounts: | | |
| Domestic Bills | $98,454 27 | |
| Northern Bills | 390 251 16 | |
| Overdrafts | 5,388 89—494,562 99 | |
| Check Bills on hand | | 419 50 |
| Uncurrent bank notes (currency value) | | 676 84 |
| Office furniture, safes, &c. | | 4,249 18 |
| Real Estate | | 42,241 85 |
| Due by banks and Bankers | | 43,390 37 |
| Cash on hand: | | |
| Silver | 872 10 | |
| Gold | 855 16 | |
| Currency | 72,364 19— | 73 971 38 |
| | | $854,994 64 |

LIABILITIES:

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Stock | 200 000 00 |
| Surplus fund | 3 247 78 |
| Dividends No. 1 | 1,000 00 |
| Bills rediscounted | 89,833 09 |
| Bills payable | 35 000 00 |
| Deposits (individual) | 484,295 44 |
| Deposits, bank and banker | 6,678 47—$818,681 64 |
| | $854,994 64 |

**Statement of the Bank at Wilmington.**

RESOURCES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Loan and Discounts: | | |
| Domestic Bills | $91,458 61 | |
| Northern Bills | 358 312 77 | |
| Overdrafts | 5,866 09— | 525,638 47 |
| Due by Banks and Bankers | | 24 503 75 |
| Due by Wilmington and Tarboro Branches | | 38 937 21 |
| Checks and Bills | | 168 40 |
| Uncurrent Bank Notes | | 916 34 |
| Office Furniture | | 789 30 |
| Real Estate | | 37,000 00 |
| Cash on hand: | | |
| Gold | 292 70 | |
| Silver | 111 03 | |
| Currency | 44,176 44— | 44,579 39 |
| | | $668,211 66 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Stock | 150 000 00 |
| Profit and Loss | 33 440 19 |
| Bills rediscounted | 15 833 09 |
| Bills payable | 5,000 00 |
| Due Individual Depositors | 376 634 71 |
| Due Banks and Bankers | 87 303 87 |
| | $668,211 66 |

**Statement of Goldsboro Branch.**

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans and Discounts | 102,963 73 |
| Due by Banks and Bankers | 9,630 08 |
| Check Books | 68 50 |
| Office furniture and safe | 1,38 90 |
| Real Estate | 5,110 91 |
| Cash on hand: | |
| Gold | $32 80 |
| Silver | 80 0 |
| Currency | 8,477 84 |
| | $127,818 60 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital | 25 000 0 |
| Profit and Loss | 5 3 4 |
| Due Individual Depositors | 62 032 79 |
| Due Banks and Bankers | 790 79 |
| Due to Wilmington and Tarboro Branches | 35,073 80 |
| | $127,818 60 |

**Statement of Tarboro Branch.**

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans and Discounts | 61 021 0 |
| Due by Banks and Bankers | 9 248 76 |
| Check Books | 164 5 |
| Office furniture and safe | 1,76 90 |
| Real Estate | 1,721 94 |
| Cash on hand: | |
| Gold | 49 66 |
| Silver | 44 10 |
| Currency | 20,009 80 |
| | $99,011 60 |

LIABILITIES:

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Stock | 75,000 00 |
| Profit and Loss | 3,6 6 2 |
| Bills rediscounted | 10,000 00 |
| Due Individual Depositors | 37,272 1 |
| Due Banks | 918 12 |
| Due Wilmington Branch | 9,833 12 |
| | $99,011 60 |

I, S. D. Wallace, Cashier of the Bank of New Hanover, do solemnly swear that the above statements are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

S. D. WALLACE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twelfth day of February, 1873.

ISAAC BATES,
Notary Public.
feb 14 2t-fd&w-tw3tch


## CANCERS CURED

By DR. KLINE'S

## Wonderful Cancer Antidotes,

Which destroys and removes the Cancer without the use of the Knife or the Loss of Blood, and at the same time purifies the blood, and all the humors in the system, and cures cancer on the face.

We also cure all forms of *Chronic, Long Standing and Obscure Diseases* with unparalleled success.

Especially *Epilepsy or Fits, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Asthma, Scrofula and Secondary Syphilis*, of particulars, circulars, &c., send for pamphlet, free. Address

H. GEO. KLINE, M. D., Goldsboro, N. C.
A. H. LINDLEY, M. D., Charlotte, N. C.
Or J. E. BENTLEY, M. D., Newbern, N. C.
feb 9 3m

MOTHERS.
WHY DO YOU NEGLECT TO BUY
## Silver Tipped Shoes
sept 20 36 w-mech

**$5 to $20** per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. sept 19, 1872 35-wly

## WE CLERGYMEN WERE CURED

of Chronic and Acute Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Tumors, Scrofula, Kidney, and Nervous Diseases, after years of suffering, by taking **Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup** the scientific discovery of J. P. Fitler, M. D., a regular graduate physician, with whom we are personally acquainted, who has for 30 years treated these diseases exclusive in both medicine and practice. We consider it our christian duty, after deliberation, to conscientiously advise sufferers to use it, especially those in straitened circumstances who cannot afford to waste money and time on worthless nostrums. As clergymen we seriously feel the deep responsibility resting on us in publishing to the world this medicine, for our knowledge and experience of its remarkable merit fully justify such action. Rev. C. H. Ewing, Media, Pennsylvania, suffered nearly seven years. Rev. Jas. Fogg, Rev. Thos. Murphy, D. D., Pittsburgh, Philadelphia. Rev. J. B. Davis, Hightstown, New Jersey. Rev. J. M. Buchanan, Decorah, Iowa. Rev. T. O. Smith, pastor of 9th New York. Rev. Jos. Beggs, Falls Church, Philadelphia, other testimonials from Senators, governors, judges, Congressmen, Physicians, &c., forwarded gratis with pamphlet explaining these diseases. One thousand dollars will be presented to any medicine for same diseases showing equal merit under test, or that can produce one-fourth as many living cures. Any person sending by letter description of affliction will receive gratis a legally signed guarantee, naming the number of bottles to cure, agreeing that fund no or upon sworn statement of its failure to cure. All cited invited to write to Dr. Fitler, Philadelphia. His valuable advice costs nothing.

GREEN & FLANNER,
Wholesale and Retail Agents for Wilmington, N. C.
jan 25—13-d&w

## Rice! Rice! Rice!

50 Bbls. and Tierces Whole Rice.
50 Bbls. and Tierces Half Rice.
For sale by
F. W. KERCHNER.
march 2 3—

## Teas and Coffees Of the Finest Importations,

Selected carefully from a great variety of Samples for our

## FAMILY TRADE.

We are now putting in Store a stock of

## Teas and Coffees

superior to any goods we have yet offered, making our assortment the most complete and varied in the State.

We have the finest goods imported, and can suit every want at the lowest CASH PRICES in the city.

CHAS. D. MYERS & CO.,
7 North Front Street,
Wilmington, N. C.
feb 27 1d

CHATTEL MORTGAGES
For sale at the
JOURNAL OFFICE.

## MARRIAGE GUIDE.

EVERY ONE HIS OWN DOCTOR—Being a private instructor for married persons, or those about to be married, both male and female, in everything concerning the physiology and relation of our sexual system, and the production and prevention of offspring, including all the new discoveries never before given in the English language, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable and interesting work. It is written in plain language for the general reader, and is illustrated with numerous Engravings. All young married people, or those contemplating marriage, and having the least impediment in married life, should read this book. It discloses secrets that every one should be acquainted with; still it is a book that must be locked up and not let lie about the house. It will be sent to any address on receipt of 50 cents. Address Dr. WM. YOUNG, No. 416 Spruce street, above Fourth, Philadelphia.

AFFLICTED AND UNFORTUNATE.—No matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the QUACKS, native and foreign, who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr Young's Book and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life. Dr. Young can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his pamphlet, free by mail or at his office, No 416 Spruce street, above Fourth, Philadelphia sept 20 36-wfm

## HOW

TO SPECULATE SUCCESSFULLY.

## Randal H. Foote & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

70 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Member of Stock Exchange and Gold Board.

REFERENCES—Mechanics' Banking Association, or any Banking House or Commercial Agency in New York.

A 32-Pamphlet on WALL STREET AND SPECULATIONS free on application.

march 7 2w-wly

## "THE VERDICT"
GOOD CABLE SCREW WIRE
BOOTS AND SHOES
BETTER THAN PEGGED OR SEWED
sept 20 36-wfmech

## $1,000 in One Week.

To any shrewd man who can do business on the quiet. I guarantee an IMMENSE FORTUNE, easily, rapidly, and in perfect safety. Address in perfect confidence JAMES FROST,
28 William street, New York.
Ap. 8, 1872 47-wly

## Boots and Shoes.

We are now receiving our FALL STOCK OF BOOTS and SHOES and as the attention of buyers

Reasons why you should trade with us:
We sell nothing but Boots and Shoes.
Our stock is a manufacturer's of the best, consequently we can and do WARRANT EVERY PAIR OF BOOTS AND SHOES WE SELL.
We keep a *FULL ASSORTMENT* of
LADIES AND MISSES,
MEN AND BOYS
We keep every quality *that is good*—from the cheapest Brogan up to the Finest Hand-sewed Calf Boot, and finest Ladies kid and Morocco Boot. Give us a call. We guarantee satisfaction.

DUDLEY & ELLIS,
Sign of the Big Boot,
No. 41 Market St.,
Wilmington, N. C.
sept 13 w6m

## ESTABLISHED IN 1823.

## T. W. BROWN,

SUCCESSOR TO
BROWN & ANDERSON,
DEALER IN
FINE WATCHES, CLOCKS
Jewelry, Silverware,
FANCY GOODS, &c. SPECTACLES
TO SUIT ALL AGES.
NO. 37 MARKET STREET,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry carefully repaired.

The Premiums for the Cape Fear Agricultural Fair together with several Special Premiums cont